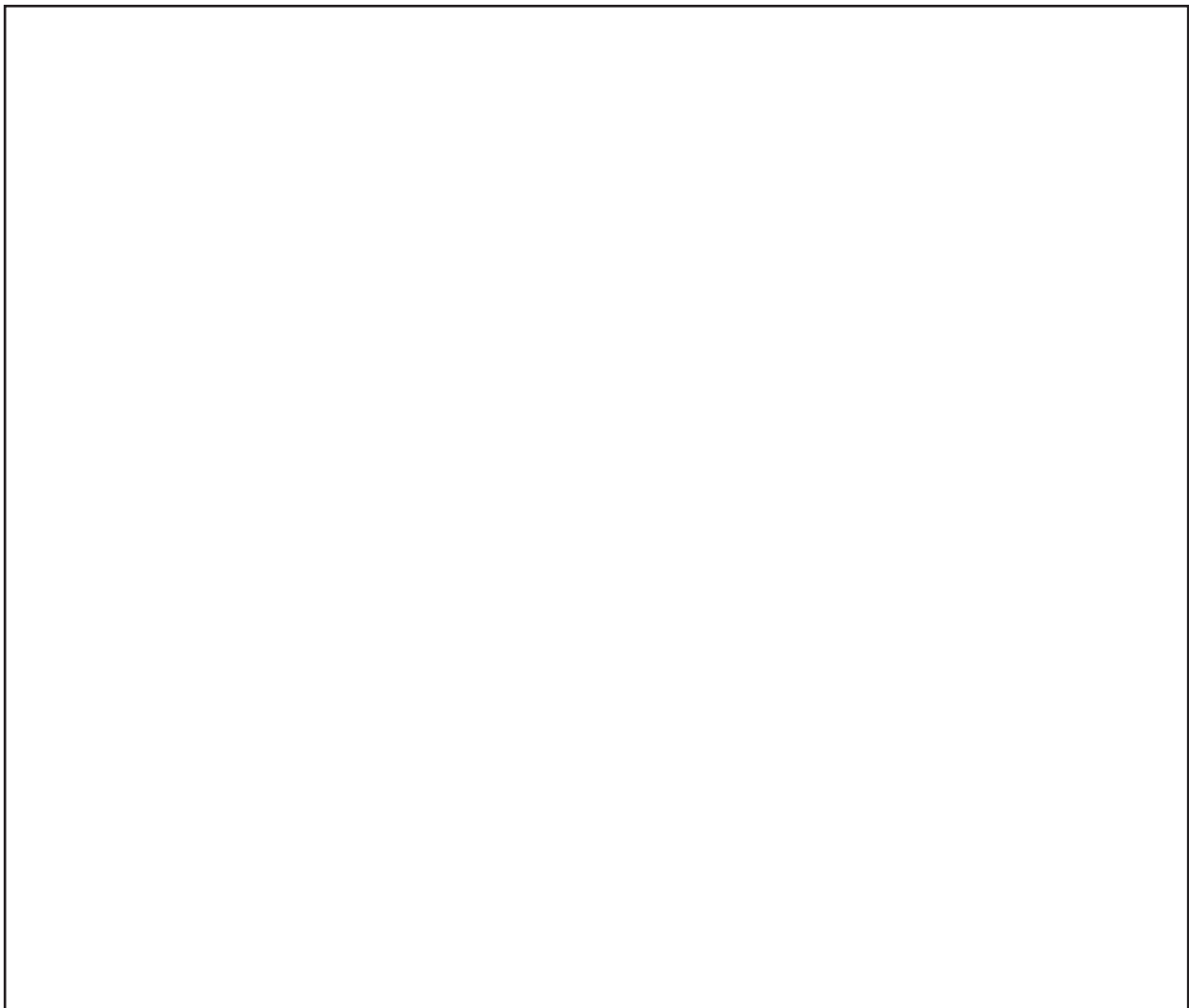


Colour in the words and draw a picture below to make your own title page.

THE NORMANS IN BRITAIN



The tiny mouse is hiding on every page of this book also. See if you can find him again! Write his name on the line below.

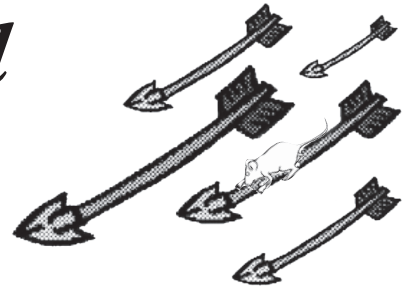
My mouse is called _____

2

William takes control



Read 'The Middle Ages' page 17 and answer the questions below in full sentences.



1. When did William win the Battle of Hastings?

2. What did William do after winning the battle?

3. What made people think William would be hard on his enemies?

4. Where and when was William crowned King of England?

5. Why do you think William was called 'The Conqueror'?

KEY WORD

Using a ruler underline the correct meaning of the key word below:

conqueror

- a person who does not like violence.
- a person who wins by using force.

William's Problems

William the Conqueror had many problems after he won the English crown. Study the sources below and answer the questions which follow.

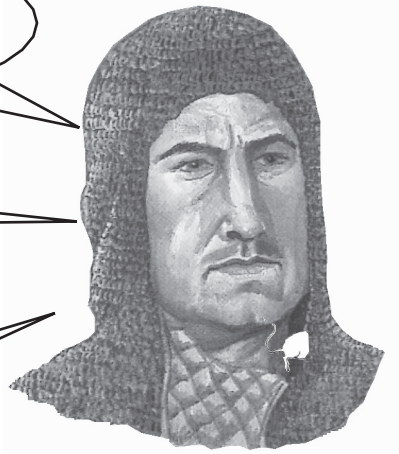


William's problems

King Harold's men do not like me because I defeated and killed their king. Some of these men are still in London.

The Danes would still like to take over England. People tell me that they are plotting with the English in the north of the country.

There are English soldiers in the south of the country also, in a castle at Dover. They might attack my army.



What were the three main problems William faced after the Battle of Hastings?

A _____

B _____

C _____

4

William's solutions



Source 1

'Then William marched to Dover which was held by a large army. The English were afraid and prepared to surrender, but our men set fire to the castle and most of it was destroyed.'

Written by William of Poitiers about 1071.

Source 2

'William laid waste Sussex, Kent, Hampshire and Surrey, and slaughtered many people who lived there. He was then met by Londoners who gave in to him.'


*Florence of Worcester, describing what William was doing before he went to London.
Florence was a man!*

Source 3

'The King's army approached York only to find out that the Danes had fled. The King was angry. He killed many people and burned down the homes of others. As a result of this there was a terrible famine. More than 100,000 Christian folk died of hunger.'

This was written by a monk who had trained in Normandy.

Sources 1 to 3 above give solutions to William's problems which you read about on page 3. On the table below match the problem to its best solution.

Problems	Solution
A	
B	
 C	

Use an atlas to help you answer these questions.

- 1 Where is Poitiers? _____
- 2 What side do you think William of Poitiers supported? _____
- 3 Where is Worcester? _____
- 4 What side do you think Florence of Worcester supported? _____